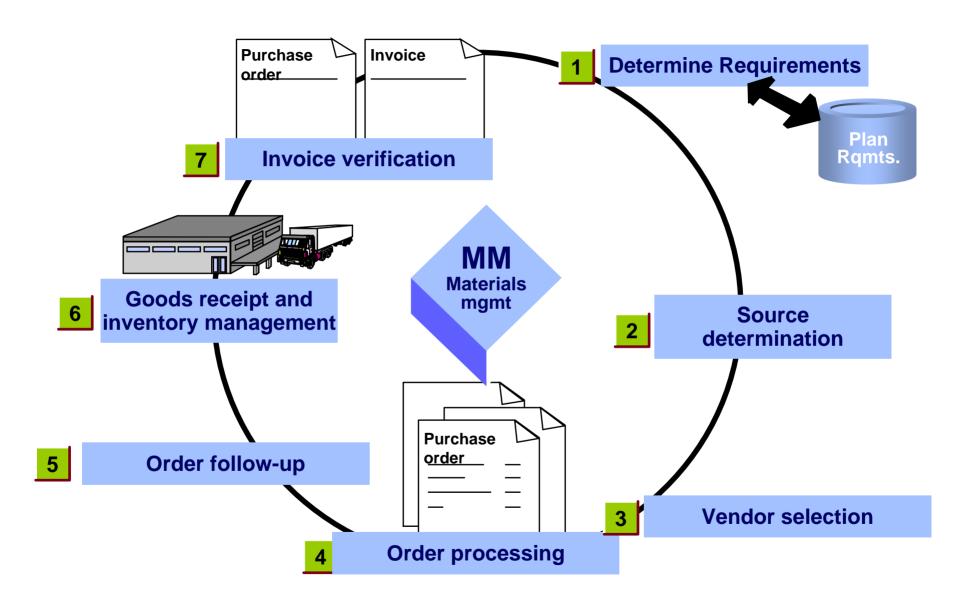
MM – Configuration Master Data and PR

Objective

To understand

MM Module data flow
MM Module Master Data
Requisition
RFQ Quotation
Release Strategy



Data flow ..contd..

- 1.MRP run triggers the requirements Purchase requisition is released
- 2. If quota is used, source is identified
- 3. vendor is selected
- 4. Prepare Purchase Order
- 5. Follow up with vendor for supply
- 6. Receive goods
- 7. Receive Invoice and pay vendor

Data in SAP

We have seen the data flow in MM, to perform those activities, certain data are required.

Let's discuss about the data before we go to the MM specific master data.

Data in SAP

there are two important types of data in SAP

Master Data
Transaction data

Master Data

Master data is the backbone for each transaction.

Without master data transactions can not be performed.

E.g. Material master

Vendor master

Purchasing info record

Source list

Quota arrangement

Transaction data

Transaction data are created when performing a transaction.

Transaction data are created with the input from master data.

e.g. Purchase requisition
Purchase order
Goods receipt
Invoice verification

MM Specific Master data

Following are the MM module specific master data.

Material Master

Vendor Master

Source List

Quota arrangement

Purchasing Info record

Purchasing group

Material Master

Material master contains entire information about the material related all department of an organization.

Purchasing related information are stored in a purchasing view.

Material master - Purchasing

Purchasing view of material master specifies

Person responsible to procure
Base unit of measure
Plant specific material status
GR processing time
Use of quota arrangement
Use of source list
Batch Management

Vendor Master

Vendor master contains all the information required to do business with a vendor.

Name and address

Bank details

Contact person

Payment terms

General data

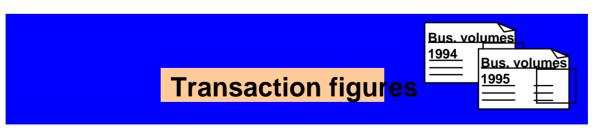
Account number
Description
Address

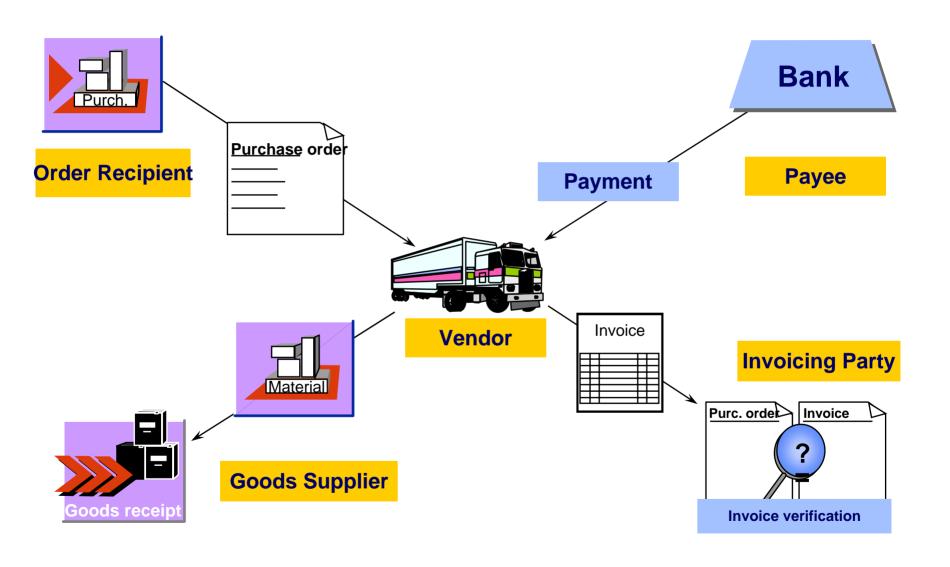
Purchasing data

Purchase order currency Inco terms

Accounting data

Control account
Terms of payment
Bank details





Source List

List of available sources of supply for a material and plant combination.

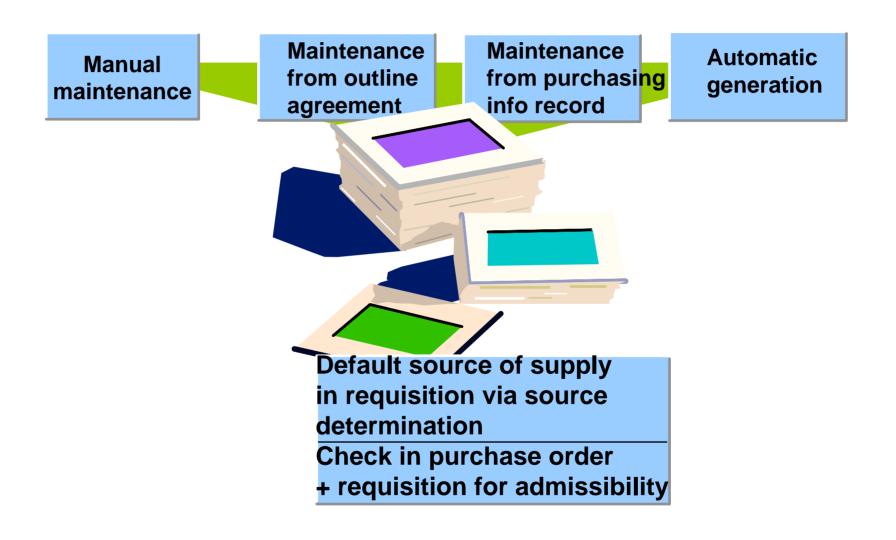
It facilitates the

Determination of source.

Automatic assignment of source to the purchase requisition

Source list contains validity period for each vendor.

Source List

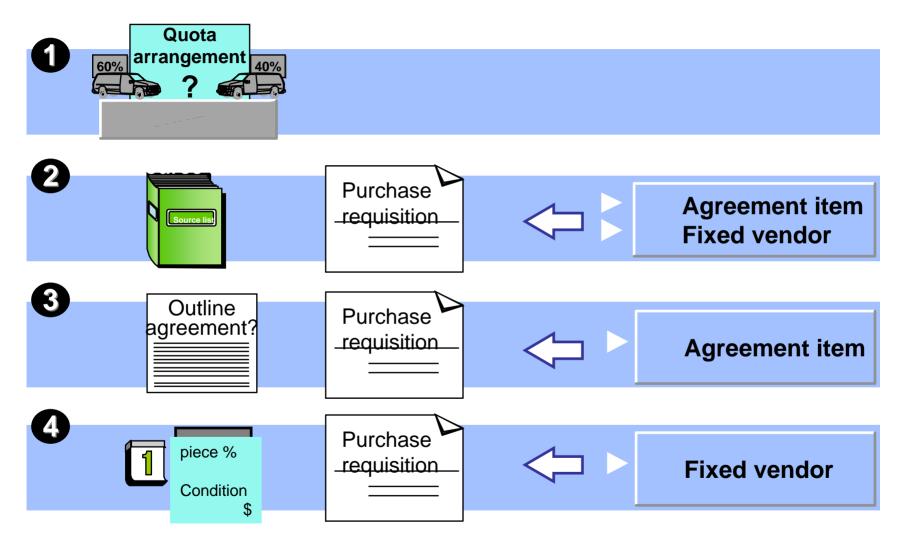


Source determination

Following is the order of priority to search the source.

- 1. Quota arrangement
- 2. Source List
- 3. Purchasing Info record / outline agreement.

How to Determine the Source?



Quota arrangement

Quota arrangement helps to automatically identify the vendor and allocate the quantities to the vendor.

It contains

Vendor

Quota %

Min / Maximum lot size

Validity period of quota

Quota arrangement -calculation

Vendor will be determined on the basis of lowest rating result of the following formula

```
Rating =
Base qty +Quota – allocated qty
Quota
```

Base quantity & Prerequisite

Quota base quantity is to regulate the quota arrangement without changing the quota.

Prerequisite:-

Quota usage must be maintained in the material master purchasing view

Purchase info record

It is created for the combination of material, vendor and purchase organization.

Purchasing Info Record Data

General data

Texts

Vendor data
Origin data
Order unit

Control data

Delivery time
Minimum quantity
Tolerances

Prices and conditions

Gross price Discount Freight

Price history
Ordering statistics
Change history

Purchasing group

Purchasing group is responsible for specific purchasing activities.

It represents buyer

It is used for reporting



Purchase Requisition

PR is the request for Material and services. It is the first trigger to the buyer to arrange for procurement.

It is generated automatically or manually.

Item category and account assignment are important in PR

Item category

Item category controls

Requirement of material number

Account assignment

Whether to place in stock or not

Requirement of GR / IR

Item Category



Items / item category

- Standard item
- Consignment item
- Text
- Third-party

Stock material

Consumable material

Single/multiple account assignment

Mandatory

Optional

- Cost centre
- Project
- Sales order
- Asset

Account assignment

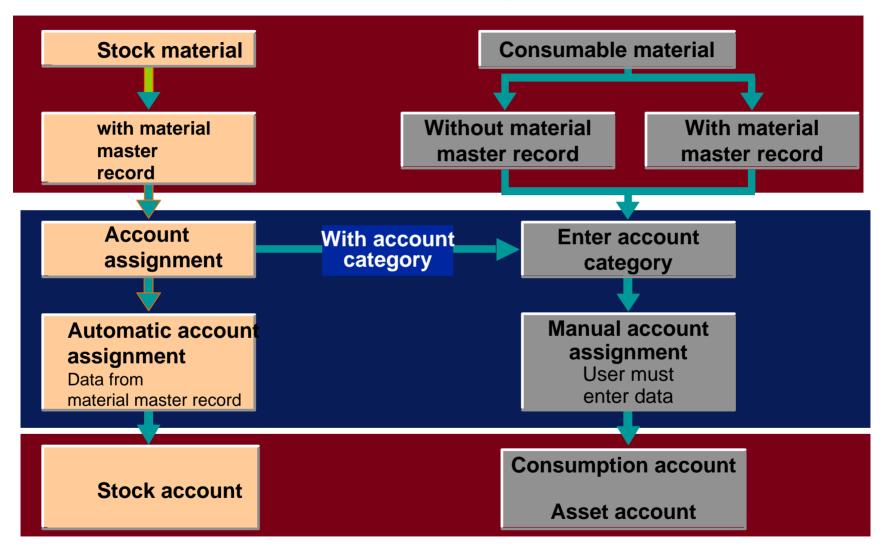
Account assignment will directly debit the cost of procurement to those object.

E.g. If the account assignment is F to indicate production order, cost of procurement will be debited to the production order.

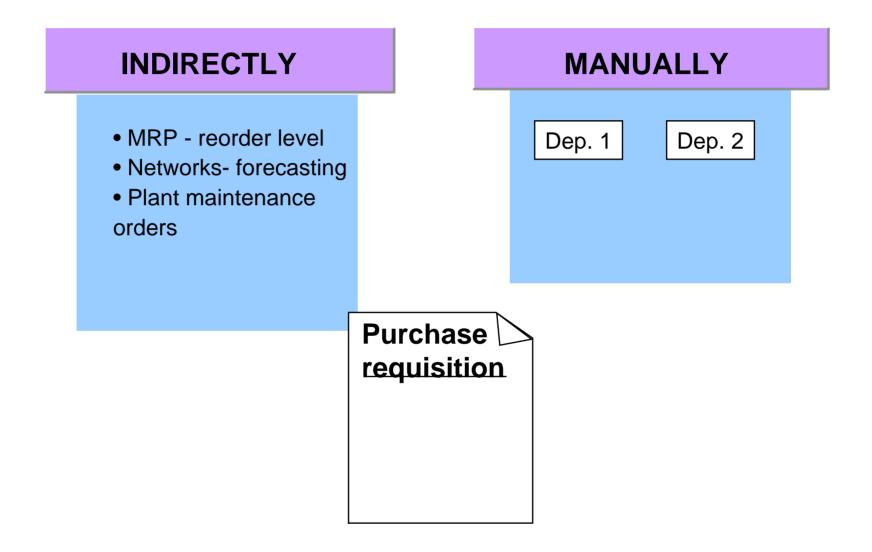
Account categories

- Asset
- C Sales order
- Production order
- Cost centre
- Project
- All auxiliary account assignments
- U Unknown account assignment

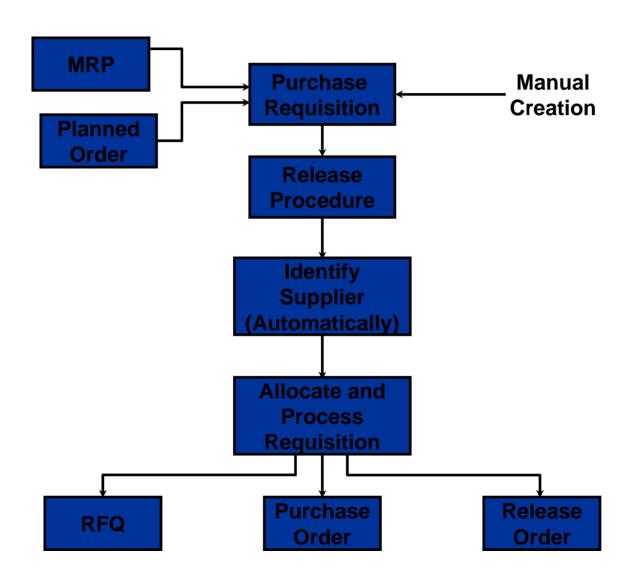
Account Assignment



How to Create a Purchase Requisition



Processing PR

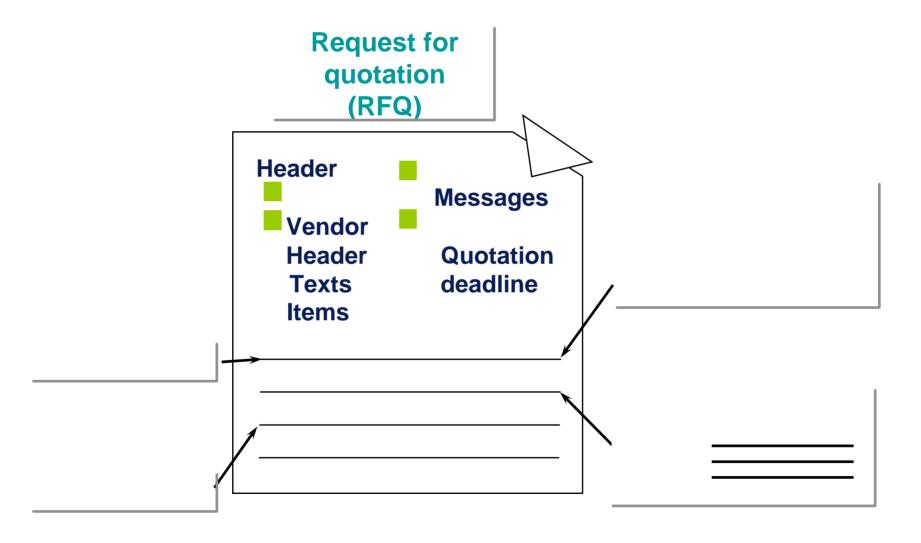


RFQ (Request for quotation)

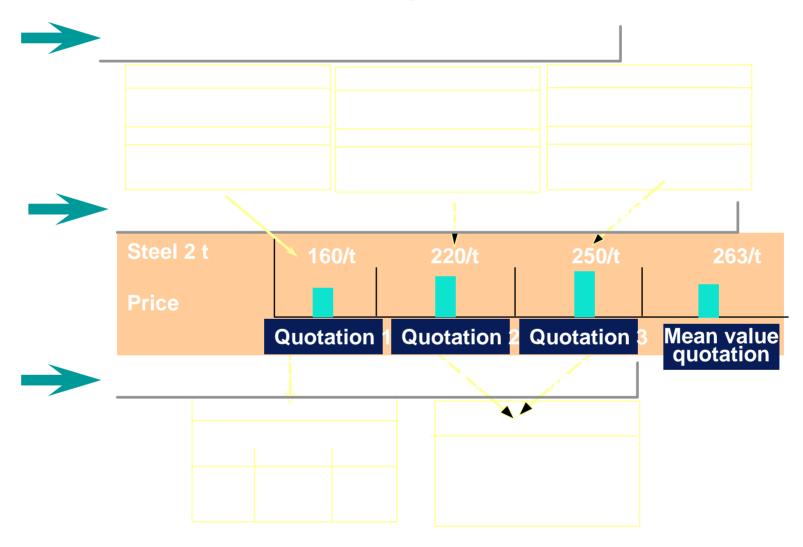
Quotation is used in purchasing to compare different vendors before placing an order.

It contains entire information similar to PO.

Structure of an RFQ



Processing Quotations



Release Strategy

Release strategy helps to control further processing.

Based on conditions, different person or department can be authorized to release in sequence

It can be applied for PR, RFQ and for PO.

Item level release can be applied for PR

It can be with or without classification

Release Procedure



Does a Strategy Apply?

Release Strategy

Who is Authorised to Release?
In what Order must the Releasing Occur?

What is the Release Indicator?

Who can do what?

Release Indicator

Released/Blocked for Ordering
Released/Blocked for RFQ
Fixed for MRP

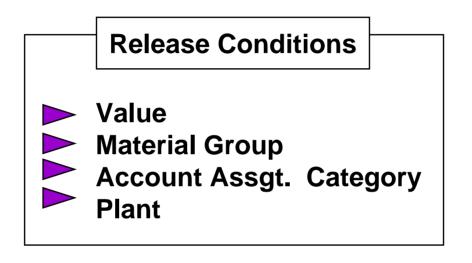
What can the Requisition be Released to?

Release Code

Two digit code associated with a user ID

Who is Authorised to release?

Release Procedure W/out Classification

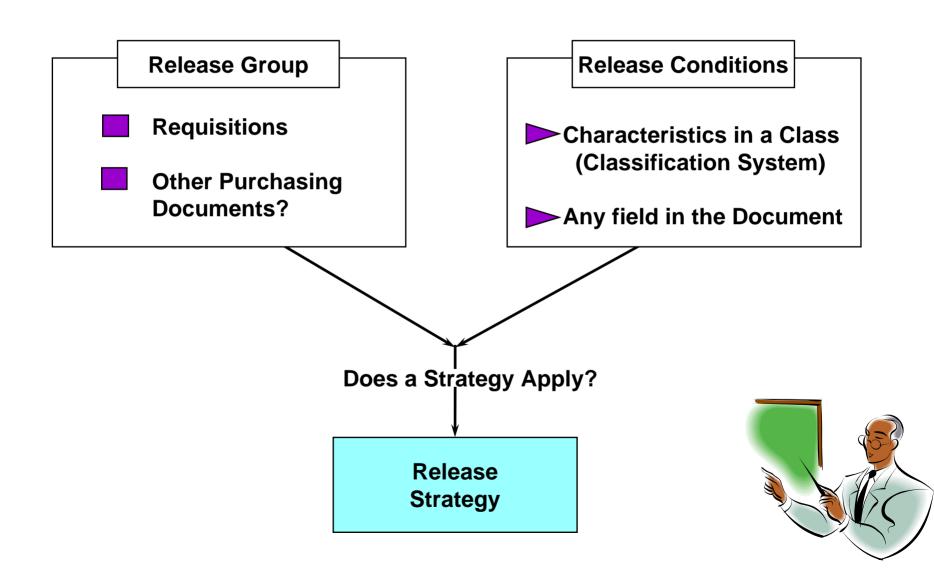


Does a Strategy Apply?

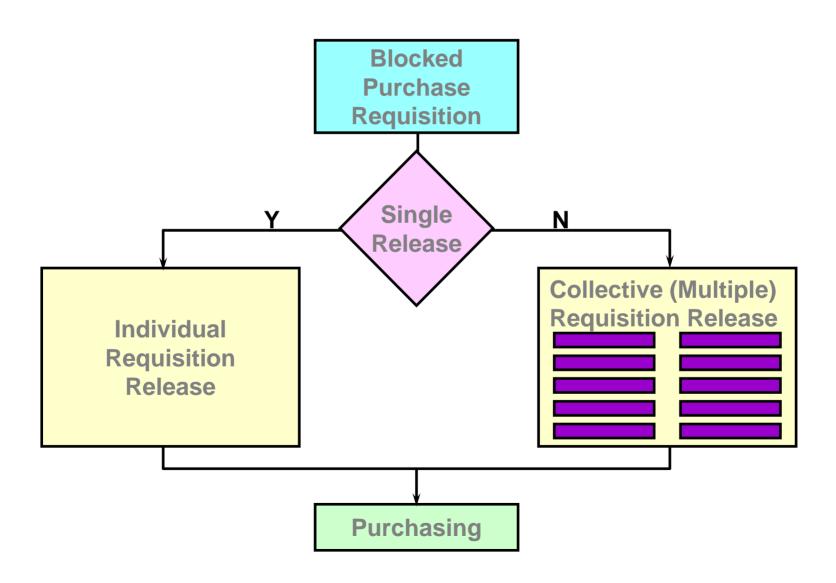




Release Procedure With Classification



Releasing Requisitions



Summary

You must have understood

MM Module data flow
MM Module Master Data
Requisition
RFQ Quotation
Release Strategy